DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2010

Your directors submit the financial report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2010.

Directors

The following persons held office as Directors at any time during or since the end of the financial year:

Russell Enders

Paul Jones

Stephen Wight

Geoffrey Webster

Robert Hynes

Bryan Cumming (Resigned 06/10/09)

Karen Woodhart

Sandra Baldwin

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is Sandra Baldwin. Sandra was appointed the position of secretary on 19th January 2009.

Principle Activities and Significant Changes in Nature of Activities

The principle activities of the Company during the course of the financial year were facilitating the **Community Bank®** services under management rights to operate two franchised branches of Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited.

There were no significant changes in the nature of principal activities during the financial year.

Operating Result and Review of Operations

The net result of the Company for the year after providing for income tax was a profit of \$118,524 (2009: loss of \$18,914).

The results in 2009 were greatly impacted by the global financial crisis and the opening of the Drysdale branch. The impact of these did not continue into the current financial period with profitability and interest margins returning to normal levels.

Financial Position

The company's net assets have grown to \$934,489 at the end of the financial year compared to \$815,965 for the previous year. The company's current asset ratio is 4.20, indicating a sound financial position.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT CONTINUED

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

There were no significant changes in the company's State of Affairs during the year.

Dividends

There were no dividends paid or declared during the financial year.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

At the date of this report no matter or circumstance has arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company; the results of those operations; or the state of affairs of the Company in future years.

Future Development

The Directors are not aware of any specific development likely to have a significant effect on the operations of the Company or the expected results of those operations.

Environmental Regulations

The Company's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Director and Auditor Indemnification

The Company has indemnified all Directors and Auditors in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors of the Company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance.

Share Options

No options to shares in the Company have been granted during the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT CONTINUED

Proceedings

No person had applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Remuneration Report

The Board is responsible for the determination of remuneration packages and policies applicable to the manager of each branch and all the staff. The managers are invited to the Board meeting as required to discuss performance and remuneration packages. The managers are paid a base salary, which is between \$60,000 and \$80,000 plus superannuation.

In addition each manager receives a bonus if the Company exceeds the budget estimates established by the Board. No bonus was paid during the year.

No Directors' remuneration has been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT CONTINUED

Information on Directors

The Director responsible in office at the date of this report together with their qualifications, experience, special responsibilities and shareholdings are:

Robert Hynes

Councillor with Rural City of Marong for six years, including one year Mayor.
Secretary St Leonards Progress Association
Member St Leonards Street Festival Committee
St Leonards resident

Shares Held: Nil

Stephen J. Wight

Chartered Accountant Registered Company Auditor Involvement in public and not for profit organisations Geelong resident

Shares Held: Nil Sandra Baldwin

Company Secretary

Member of the Steering committee of the Drysdale branch for the Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Clifton Springs resident

Shares Held: 500

Geoffrey Webster

Salesman

President of the Lions Club of Portarlington/Drysdale Member of the Steering committee of the Drysdale branch for the Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Drysdale resident

Shares Held: 1,000

Russell Enders

Managerial and Marketing Extensive Banking experience Ocean Grove resident

Shares Held: Nil

Karen A. Woodhart

Retail Bakery Operator Involvement in local community organisations Executive Member of Region 2, Division 2, Neighbourhood Watch Portarlington resident

Shares Held: 9,003

Paul Jones

Trade Teacher
Involved in community organisations
Member of the Steering committee of the Drysdale
branch for the Bellarine Peninsula Community
Branch
Clifton Springs resident

Shares Held: 2,500

DIRECTOR'S REPORT CONTINUED

General Board Attendance

	No. Board Meetings	No. Attended
	Eligible to attend	
K. Woodhart	10	7
R. Hynes	10	8
S. Wight	10	8
S. Baldwin	10	10
P. Jones	10	10
R. Enders	10	9
B. Cumming	3	3
G. Webster	10	10

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is attached.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Director

Dated this 6th day of September, 2010

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COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2010

	Notes	2010 \$	2009 \$
REVENUE FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
Revenue from Ordinary Activities	2	1,370,448	998,376
EXPENSES FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
Employee Benefits		672,167	606,539
Information Technology Expenses		50,650	47,977
Depreciation and Amortisation		28,749	23,628
Property Expenses		80,902	67,268
Donations and Sponsorship		157,784	55,900
Professional Fees		30,350	32,744
Insurance		23,762	18,111
Administration Expenses		126,435	130,357
Other expenses From Ordinary Activities		33,296	42,479
TOTAL EXPENSES FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	:S	1,204,095	1,025,003
NET RESULT BEFORE INCOME TAX		166,353	(26,627)
Income Tax Expense/(Benefit)	3	47,829	(7,713)
COMPREHENSIVE RESULT FOR THE YEAR		118,524	(18,914)

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2010

	Note	2010 \$	2009 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	541,354	362,676
Receivables	5	117,275	101,501
Prepayments		2,000	4,000
Total Current Assets		660,629	468,177
Non-Current Assets			
Other Financial Assets	6	40,000	40,000
Deferred Tax Assets	7	27,709	22,657
Property, Plant, Equipment	8	216,565	229,892
Intangible Assets	9	153,836	168,114
Total Non-Current Assets		438,110	460,663
TOTAL ASSETS		1,098,739	928,840
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	10	28,141	35,974
Short-term provisions	11	83,315	71,172
Current Tax Liabilities	12	45,547	
Total Current Liabilities		157,003	107,146
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term provisions	11	7,247	5,729
Total Non-Current Liabilities		7,247	5,729
TOTAL LIABILITIES		164,250	112,875
NET ASSETS		934,489	815,965
EQUITY			
Issued Capital	13	787,911	787,911
Retained Earnings		146,578	28,054
TOTAL EQUITY		934,489	815,965

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

2010	Note	Equity at 1 July 2009	Comprehensive Result	Transactions with owner in its capacity as owner	Equity at 30 June 2010
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		28,054	118,524		146,578
	•	28,054	118,524		146,578
Contributions by Owners	13	787,911		-	787,911
Reserves			*	*	
Total Equity at the end of the financial year		815,965	118,524	-	934,489

2009	Note	Equity at 1 July 2008	Comprehensive Result	Transactions with owner in its capacity as owner	Equity at 30 June 2009
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)		82,968	(18,914)		64,054
Dividends paid		_		(36,000)	(36,000)
		82,968	(18,914)	(36,000)	28,054
Contributions by Owners	13	787,911	**		787,911
Reserves			in-		-
Total Equity at the end of the financial year		870,879	(18,914)	(36,000)	815,965

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CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

	Note	2010 \$	2009 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Receipts from Customers		1,322,747	978,505
Interest		16,356	13,694
Payments		(0.00.000)	(500,000)
Employee Benefits		(658,209)	(569,899)
Tax Paid		(7,082)	(29,926)
Other		(493,990)	(380,899)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	14	179,822	11,475
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Plant & Equipment		(1,144)	(225,150)
Purchase of Intangible Assets		-	(68,000)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(1,144)	(293,150)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares		-	387,911
Dividends Paid	23	•••	(36,000)
			351,911
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD		178,678	70,236
CASH AT 1 JULY		362,676	292,440
CASH AT 30 JUNE	4	541,354	362,676

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

NOTE 1: STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in a financial report containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Rounding

All amounts shown in the Financial Statements are expressed to the nearest dollar.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(c) Receivables

Trade debtors are carried at nominal amounts due and are due for settlement within 30 days from the date of recognition. Coleectability of debts is reviewed on an ongoing basis. The directors believe that the full amount of debt is recoverable, and no doubtful debt provision have been made at 30 June 2009.

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method, less any accumulated impairment.

(d) Other Financial Assets

Other financial assets are recognised and derecognised on trade date where purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

The company classifies its other financial assets between current and non-current assets based on the purpose for which the assets were acquired at initial recognition.

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets held for trading purposes are classified as current assets and are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 15.

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables are recorded at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less impairment.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Held-to-maturity investments

Where the company has the positive intent and ability to hold investments to maturity, they are stated at amortised cost less impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Other financial assets held by the company are classified as being available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity until the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is included in profit or loss for the period. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 15.

(e) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are brought to account at cost or at independent or directors' valuation less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation or amortisation. The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows which will be received from the assets' employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have not been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated over their useful lives commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. A summary of the depreciation method and depreciation rates for each class of attached is as follows.

Class of Asset	2010	2009
Furniture & Fittings	18.75-25%	18.75-25%
Plant & Equipment	18.75-25%	18.75-25%
Leasehold Improvements	20-25%	20-25%

(f) Impairment of Assets

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives (and intangible assets not yet available for use) are tested annually for impairment (i.e. as to whether their carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount, and so require write-downs) and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. All other assets are assessed annually for indications of impairment, except for:

- financial instrument assets;
- · investment property that is measured at fair value; and
- · non-current assets held for sale.

If there is an indication of impairment, the assets concerned are tested as to whether their carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount. Where an asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount, the difference is written-off by a charge to the operating statement except to the extent that the write-down can be debited to an asset revaluation reserve amount applicable to that class of asset.

It is deemed that, in the event of the loss of an asset, the future economic benefits arising from the use of the asset will be replaced unless a specific decision to the contrary has been made. The recoverable amount for most assets is measured at the higher of depreciated replacement cost and fair value less costs to sell. Recoverable amount for assets held primarily to generate net cash inflows is measured at the higher of the present value of future cash flows expected to be obtained from the asset and fair value less costs to sell.

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

(g) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recorded at the amount by which the purchase price for a business combination exceeds the fair value attributed to the interest in the net fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at date of acquisition. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

(h) Payables

These amounts consist predominantly of liabilities for goods and services. Payables are initially recognised at fair value, then subsequently carried at amortised cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid, and arise when the company becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The normal credit terms are usually Nett 30 days.

(i) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except for receivables and payables which are stated with the amount of GST included and except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable, in which case GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or part of an item of expense or revenue. GST receivable from and payable to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) is included in the statement of financial position. The GST component of a receipt or payment is recognised on a gross basis in the cash flow statement except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

(i) Income Tax

The income tax expense for the year comprises current income tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax expense charged to the profit or loss is the tax payable on taxable income calculated using applicable income tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted, as at reporting date. Current tax liabilities are therefore measured at the amounts expected to be paid to the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred income tax expense reflects movements in deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability balances during the year as well unused tax losses.

Current and deferred income tax expense is charged or credited directly to equity instead of the profit or loss when the tax relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are ascertained based on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets also result where amounts have been fully expensed but future tax deductions are available. No deferred income tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at reporting date. Their measurement also reflects the manner in which management expects to recover or settle the carrying amount of the related asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets relating to temporary differences and unused tax losses are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the benefits of the deferred tax asset can be utilised.

(k) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised, recording as asset value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Leased assets are amortised over their estimated useful lives where it is likely that the entity will obtain ownership of the asset or over the term of the lease. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the interest expense for the period.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability. Lease payments received reduce the liability.

(I) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. Those cashflows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows.

(m) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised in accordance with AASB 118. Income is recognised as revenue to the extent it is earned. Unearned income at reporting date is reported as income received in advance.

(n) Comparative Information

Where necessary the previous year's figures have been reclassified to facilitate comparisons.

(o) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2010 reporting period. As at 30 June 2010, the following standards and interpretations had been issued but were not mandatory for financial years ending 30 June 2010. Bellaring Peninsula Community Branch Ltd has not and does not intend to adopt these standards early.

Standard / Interpretation	Applicable	Impact on Entities Annual Statements
AASB 2009-5 Further amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the annual improvements project [AASB 5, 8, 101, 107, 117, 118, 136 and 139]	Beginning 1 Jan 2010	Terminology and editorial changes. Impact minor.
AASB 2009-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - additional exemptions for first-time adopters [AASB 1]	Beginning 1 Jan 2011	No impact. Relates only to first time adopters of Australian Accounting
AASB 124 Related party disclosures (Dec 2009)	Beginning 1 Jan 2011	Preliminary assessment suggests that impact is insignificant.
AASB 2009-12 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards [AASB 5, 8, 108, 110,112,119,133,137, 139, 1023 and 1031 and Interpretations 2, 4, 16, 1039 and 1052]	Beginning 1 Jan 2011	Preliminary assessment suggests that impact is insignificant.
AASB 2009-14 Amendments to Australian Interpretation - Prepayments of a minimum funding requirement [AASB Interpretation 14]	Beginning 1 Jan 2011	Expected to have no significant impact
AASB 9 Financial Instruments	Beginning 1 Jan 2013	Detail of impact is still being assessed.
AASB 2009-11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7,101,102,108,112,118, 121,127,128,131,132, 136, 139, 1023 and 1038 and Interpretations 10 and 12	Beginning 1 Jan 2013	Detail of impact is still being assessed.

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDE	ED 30 JUNE 2010 2010	2009
NOTE 2: REVENUE	\$	\$
Revenue from Operating Activities Services Revenue Interest-Other Persons	1,354,092 16,356	985,523 12,853
Total Revenue from Ordinary Activities	1,370,448	998,376
NOTE 3: INCOME TAX EXPENSE a) The components of tax expense comprise:	50.004	0.005
Current Tax Deferred Tax	52,881 (5,052)	2,665 (10,378)
Over provision in respect of prior years	47,829	(7,713)
b) The prima facie tax on profit from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled		
to income tax as follows: Prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before income tax at 30% (2007: 30%) Add	49,906	(7,988)
Tax effect of: non-deductible depreciation and amortisation		-
other non-allowable items	<u>(2,077)</u> 47,829	<u>275</u> (7,713)
Less Tax effect of:		
over provision of tax in prior years INCOME TAX EXPENSE	47,829	(7,713)
Weighted Average Tax Effective Rate	28.75%	28.97%
NOTE 4: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash at Bank	162,904 378,450	106,204 256,472
Short Term Deposits	541,354	362,676
NOTE 5: RECEIVABLES CURRENT		
Franchise Income Receivable Accrued Investment Income	114,441 [°] 2,834	85,823 107
Income Tax Refundable TOTAL	117,275	15,571 101,501
(a) Ageing of Receivables		
Please refer to note 15 (c) for the ageing analysis of receivables		
(b) Nature and extent of risk arising from Receivables Please refer to note 15 (c) for the nature and extent of credit risk arising from receivables		
NOTE 6: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Non-Current Available-for-Sale Financial Assets Shares - Unlisted Public Company	40,000	40,000
(a) Ageing of Other Financial Assets Please refer to note 15 (c) for the ageing analysis of Other Financial Assets		
(b) Nature and extent of risk arising from other financial assets Please refer to note 15 (c) for the nature and extent of credit risk arising from Other Financial Assets		
NOTE 7: DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		
Deferred Tax Assets Comprise: Provisions	28,309	23,070
Other	(600) 27,709	(413) 22,657

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

NOTE 8: PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT		2010 \$	2009 \$
At Cost Furniture and Fittings Less Accumulated Depreciation		26,714 (22,546)	25,569 (19,817)
Total Plant & Equipment		4,168	5,752
Leashold Improvements Less Accumulated Amortisation		232,434 (20,037)	232,434 (8,294)
	-	212,397	224,140
Total Property, Plant & Equipment		216,565	229,892
Reconciliations of the carrying amounts of each class of land, buildings and plant & equipment at the beginning			
and end of the current financial year is set out below.	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture & Fittings	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2008	7,237	12,091	19,328
Additions	224,434 (7,531)	716 (7,055)	17,889 (3,752)
Depreciation expense Balance at 30 June 2009	224,140	5,752	229,892
Additions	(4.4 77.40)	1,145	1,145
Depreciation expense Balance at 30 June 2010	(11,743) 212,397	(2,729) 4,168	(14,472) 216,565
NOTE 9: INTANGIBLE ASSETS		2010	2009
NON CURRENT		\$	\$
NON-CURRENT Franchise Licence Fee		78,000	78,000
less accumulated amortisation	-	(30,642) 47,358	(16,364) 61,636
Goodwill - Drysdale Branch at cost		,	·
NOTE 10: PAYABLES		106,478 153,836	106,478 168,114
CURRENT		04.044	00.004
Trade Creditors Accrued Expenses		21,841 6,300	29,924 6,050
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		28,141	35,974
NOTE 11: PROVISIONS CURRENT			
Long Service Leave		25,955 57,360	20,064
Annual Leave TOTAL	•	57,360 83,315	51,108 71,172
	·		
NON-CURRENT Long Service Leave	,	7,247	5,729
TOTAL PROVISIONS	,	90,562	76,901
NOTE 12: TAX LIABILITIES CURRENT			
Income Tax		45,547	
NOTE 13: ISSUED CAPITAL (a) Ordinary Shares			
1,598,571 (2008: 400,000) ordinary shares fully paid	•	787,911	787,911
Ordinary Shares at the beginning of the reporting period		1,598,571	400,000
Shares Issued during the year 1 October 2008			800,000
1 October 2008 25 March 2009		=	398,571
Shares held at reporting date		1,598,571	1,598,571

On 1 October 2008 the company issued 800,000 bonus ordinary shares to shareholders on nthe basis of 2 shares for everyone held. The shares rank for dividends from 1 October 2008.

On 25 March 2009 the company issued 398,571 ordinary shares as a capital raising arising from a public prospectus. The shares rank for dividends from date of issue.

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

NOTE 14: RECONCILIATION OF NET RESULT FOR THE YEAR TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2010 \$	2009 \$
Result after income tax	118,524	(18,914)
Non-Cash Flows in Profit Depreciation and amortisation Change in Aparts and Linkillian	28,750	23,628
Changes in Assets and Liabilities Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	69,726	8,194
Increase/(Decrease) in Payables	(7,833)	18,315
Increase/(Decrease) in Prepaid Expenses	2,000	2,000
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables	(31,345)	(21,748)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	179,822	11,475

NOTE 15: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Financial Risk Manangement Objectives and Policies

The company's principal financial instruments comprise of:

- Cash Assets
- Term Deposits
- Receivables (excluding statutory receivables)
- Payables (excluding statutory payables)

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

(b) Categorisation of Financial Instruments

(b) Categorisation of Financial Instruments			Carrying A 2010	mount 2009
	Note	Category	2010 \$	2009 \$
Financial Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	N/A	541,354	362,676
Receivables	5	Loans and Receivables	117,275	101,501
Other Financial Assets	6	Available for sale of Financial Assets (at fair value)	40,000	40,000
Financial Liabilities				
Payables	10	Financial Liabilities measured at Amortised Cost	28,141	35,974

(c) Credit Risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements. The company does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the entity.

The company's exposure to credit risk and effective weighted average interest rate by ageing periods is set out in the following table. For interest rates applicable to each class of asset refer to individual notes to the financial statements.

Interest Rate Exposure and ageing analysis of financial assets as at 30 June 2010

	Weighted		Inter	est Rate Expos	Not	
2010	Average Interest Rates %	Consolidated Carrying Amount \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Variable Interest Rate \$	Non Interest Bearing \$	Past Due And Not Impaired \$
Financial Assets		·				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4.02	541,354		541,354		541,354
Receivables	0.00	117,275	-		117,275	117,275
Other Financial Assets	0.00	40,000	N		40,000	40,000
Total Financial Assets		698,629		541,354	157,275	698,629
2009						
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6.25	362,676		362,676		362,676
Receivables	0.00	101,501	-	-	101,501	101,501
Other Financial Assets	0.00	40,000		-	40,000	40,000
Total Financial Assets		504,177		362,676	141,501	504,177

(d) Liquidity Risk

The company manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that liquid assets are available.

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	urity analysis for the company's financial liabilitie: Weighted			Interest Rate Exposure				Maturity
	Average Interest Rates	C	Consolidated Carrying Amount	Fixed Interest Rate	Variable Interest Rate	Non Interest Bearing	Contractual Cash Flows	Dates Less than 1 Month
2010	%		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade Creditors and Accruals		0.00	28,141	-	-	28,141	28,141	28,141
Total Financial Liabilities			28,141	-	-	28,141	28,141	28,141
Trade Creditors and Accruals		0.00	35,974		-	35,974	35,974	35,974
Total Financial Liabilities			35,974	_	-	35,974	35,974	35,974

A.B.N. 33 089 107 657

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

NOTE 15: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Market Risk Currency Risk

The company has no exposure to foreign currency risk.

Exposure to interest rate risk might arise primarily through the company's interest bearing liabilities. The company currently has no interest bearing liabilities.

Other Price Risk

The company is exposed to insignificant other price risk

Taking into account past performance, future expectations, economic forecasts, and management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the company believes the following movements are 'reasonably possible' over the next 12 months (Base rates are sourced from the Reserve Bank of Australia)

- A parallel shift of +1% and -1% in market interest rates (AUD) from year-end rates of 5%;
- A parallel shift of +1% and -1% in inflation rate from year-end rates of 2%

The following table discloses the impact on net operating result and equity for each category of financial instrument held by the company at year end if changes in the relevant risk occur:

			Interest Rate Risk			
	Carrying	-1% +1%				
	Amount	Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity	
2010	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	541,354	(5,414)	(5,414)	5,414	5,414	
Receivables	117,275	-	-	-	-	
Other Financial Assets	40,000	-	-	•	-	
inancial Liabilities						
Frade Creditors and Accruals	28,141	-	-	M	-	
2009						
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	362,676	(3,627)	(3,627)	3,627	3,627	
Receivables	101,501		` -	· . •	· -	
Other Financial Assets	40,000	_	-	_		
Financial Liabilities	,					
Trade Creditors and Accruals	35,974		_		-	
Made Ofeditors and According						

Non-cancellable Operating Leases	2010 \$	2009 \$
Operating lease commitments in respect of computers, photocopiers and property payable as follows: Not Later than 1 year	-	22,800
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	-	
•		22,800

There are no known capital commitments for Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Ltd.

NOTE 17: SEGMENT REPORTING

Industry Segments

Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Ltd's only industry segment is the provision of branch banking services.

Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Ltd operates predominantly on the Bellarine Penisula, Victoria. More than 90% revenue, net surplus from ordinary activities and segment assets relate to operations on the peninsula.

NOTE 18: DIRECTOR AND RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

a) The names of directors whom have held office during the financial year are:

SJ Baldwin R Enders R Hynes KA Woodhart PC Jones **GD Webster**

S Wight BD Cumming (resigned 6 October 2009)

	2010 \$	2009 \$
b) Income paid or payable to all directors	-	. -

c) Transactions with directors and/or related parties

S. Wight is a director of Davidsons Pty Ltd which provides accounting services to the company. The amount paid to Davidsons Pty Ltd for these services amounted to 24,850 (2009 \$25,715).

The transactions were made on an arms length basis and on normal terms and conditions.

A.B.N. 33 089 107 657

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

NOTE 19: CONTINGENT ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The are no known contingent assets or contingent liabilities for the company

NOTE 20: EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER REPORTING DATE

Since 30 June 2010 no matter or circumstance has arisen which had significantly affected or which may significantly affect the operations of the organisation or of a related entity

NOTE 21: AUDITORS REMUNERATION Remuneration of the Auditor of the Company for:	2010 \$	2009 \$
-Auditing or reviewing the financial report	5,500 5,500	5,400 5,400
NOTE 22: EARNINGS/ (LOSS) PER SHARE a) Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	0.074	-0.017
b) Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	0.074	-0.017
c) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used to calculate earnings per share	1,598,571	1,102,086

NOTE 23: DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or declared for the year ending 30 June 2010 (2009 \$36,000).

BELLARINE PENINSULA COMMUNITY BRANCH LTD A.B.N. 33 089 107

DECLARATION BY DIRECTORS

The directors of the company declare that:

- The financial statements of the company comprising the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and notes to and forming part of the accounts
 - (a) give a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2010 and its performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
 - (b) comply with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- 2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed on behalf of the directors by:

Dated this 6th day of September, 2010

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BELLARINE PENINSULA COMMUNITY BRANCH LIMITED

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.









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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BELLARINE PENINSULA COMMUNITY BRANCH LIMITED

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, provided to the directors of Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Limited, on 6 September 2010, would be in the same terms if provided to the directors as at the date of this auditor's report.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- a. the financial report of Bellarine Peninsula Community Branch Limited, is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001.
- b. The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.

LBW Chartered Accountants

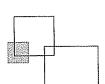
Peter Landers

Dated this 6th day of

of September

2010









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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF BELLARINE PENINSULA COMMUNITY BRANCH LTD

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2009 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act* 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

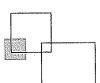
LBW CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Peter Landers

Partner

06 September 2010









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