annual report | 2009

Emu Park & District
Financial Services Limited
ABN 41 113 396 768

Emu Park **Community Bank®** Branch

Contents

Chairman's report

For year ending 30 June 2009

The last 12 months proved that we have come of age as a business organisation and have grown our business volumes solidly in the face of very trying financial times.

We were able to make a number of grant and sponsorship presentations totalling in excess of $30,000 to numerous community organisations in our area. I mentioned at the presentation evening that this commitment to our community is part of our charter and one of the reasons why we wanted to establish this enterprise in the first place. From the day the bank opened in Emu Park, we knew that the banking service was overdue and judging by the way that so many people have since embraced the service, we often wonder how we all previously survived the inconvenience of travelling many kilometres just to conduct our banking business.

Whilst it has taken nearly four years to become a profitable business venture and to start making some meaningful financial contributions to local organisations, we are now well positioned to build on our solid start. This is testament to the fantastic work of our branch team whose performance has been duly recognised by Bendigo Bank by recently announcing Emu Park as the best branch in Queensland for 2009.

We are also mindful of the support and patience of our shareholders and hope to be able to commence dividend payments in the 2010 financial year. The Board and branch team are fully committed to making this happen.

In this coming year we are planning to engage with our community leaders to ascertain the needs of our community to ensure that our grant monies can be effectively utilised. We are hoping to partner with various levels of Government to ensure that the maximum benefit is achieved.

Thank you for continuing to support the bank that supports your community.

Bob Hodgson

Chairman

Manager's report

For year ending 30 June 2009

We are very excited about being named "Branch of the Year 2009" in Bendigo and Adelaide Bank's Queensland network and it is a rewarding end to the 2009 financial year. It is recognition of many aspects of our wonderful team such as:

Commitment to providing the most friendly and professional service to our customers

Depth of experience that the team has in all aspects of banking

Working outside of business hours in our local community and helping other local community groups with their events.

The staff are very serious about the **Community Bank**® branch ethos of "Building Better Communities" and making Emu Park and district a better place to live.

We are often rewarded by our customer's commendations. Our customers are the key to our success. Thank you to all of our customers for making your **Community Bank**® branch the best branch in the State.

In the 2010 financial year we aim to spread the word to the wider community of the benefits of banking with your local **Community Bank**® branch. Not only will you personally be rewarded, but the whole community gains vital funding to improve local services.

Our recent community grants night has highlighted the benefits of the **Community Bank**® concept and growth of the business has continued to rise. Sponsorship and grants have been provided to all townships in our district including Coowonga, Cawarral, and Keppel Sands. We have displayed around Emu Park some beautiful signs depicting the beauty of the Emu Park district and show the pride we have in our community. Thank you to all of the community groups who have allowed us to display our message "Bank with us and U support your community".

When you are next in town call into the branch and meet the staff. I personally welcome any new customers to visit.

Denise Weisse

Branch Manager

Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd report

For year ending 30 June 2009

2008/09 will go down as one of the most tumultuous financial years in history. The global financial crisis and its aftermath wiped trillions of dollars off the world's net wealth. Some of the biggest names in international banking disappeared; many other banks – vastly bigger than Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd – turned to governments to bail them out. Not surprisingly, confidence sagged, reflected in rising unemployment and stock markets falling by around half their former valuations.

In short, we have seen the biggest financial meltdown since the Great Depression of nearly 80 years ago.

Amidst all that turmoil, though, our grassroots banking movement marched steadily on. Twenty new **Community Bank®** branches joined Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd's national network. Around 120,000 new customers switched to the Bendigo style of banking. And 70 more communities continued their local campaign to open a **Community Bank®** branch.

Those statistics are impressive in themselves, but it is the story behind them that is really important.

That's the story of ordinary people – an awful phrase, but you know what I mean – who inherently understand that the role of a bank is to feed into prosperity, rather than profit from it. That lesson was forgotten by many bankers across the globe, with devastating consequences. But it is now well understood by the residents of 237 towns and suburbs that own their own **Community Bank®** branch, because every day they see the fruits of their investment in locally owned banking.

Again, the statistics are impressive enough – $29 million paid out in community projects and nearly $11 million in local shareholder dividends. But again, the real stories lie behind the numbers – new community centres and fire trucks, more local nurses, new walking tracks and swimming pools, safer young drivers, more trees and fewer wasteful incandescent globes, innovative water-saving projects… the list goes on.

And of course more money retained and spent locally. And more jobs. Fifteen hundred or so just in the branches alone. More because of the flow-on, or multiplier, effect of those wages being spent locally. And yet more because of the extra shopping now done in communities made more prosperous and active by having their own bank branch.

Community Bank® branches have not escaped the fallout from the global turmoil. Like Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, they have received less income than in normal times. But also like Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Ltd, they have not needed anyone's help to get through this crisis. And every day we are reminded that banks that are relevant and connected locally will be valued by their customers and communities. For the better of all.

Russell Jenkins

Chief General Manager

Directors' report

For year ending 30 June 2009

Your Directors submit their report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

Directors

The names and details of the Company's Directors who held office during or since the end of the financial year:

Robert George HODGSON
Chairman
Age: 50

Finance Manager

Has managed his family owned business for over 9 years, has 20 years banking experience and has been a Justice of the Peace for 19 years.

No other current listed Company directorships nor any in the last 3 years.

Ex-officio member of all committees.

Interests in shares - 2,501 beneficially and 25,000 non-beneficially.

Ian Peter CHAMBERS
Director
Age: 41

Train Driver
Business experience as a Grazier and Motelier.

No other current listed Company directorships nor any in the last 3 years.

Member of the Marketing & Sponsorship Committees.

Interests in shares - 3,000

Pamela Patricia HARRISON
Director
Age: 52

Business & Personal Coach Certified Financial Planner 19 years.

Diploma of Financial Planning.
Business Management qualifications.
Certified Coach.

No other current listed Company directorships nor any in the last 3 years.

Member of Marketing Committee.

Interest in shares - Nil.

Heather CLELLAND
Director (Resigned 4 February 2009)

Lance Steven CUMMINS
Treasurer/Secretary
Age: 31

Manager/Director Family Business

Is the Manager and financial Manager of a family owned business with keen interest in investment management of equities and property. Has a Bachelor of Business (Accounting).

No other current listed Company directorships nor any in the last 3 years.

Member of the Finance & Audit Committee.

Interests in shares - 1 beneficially and 62,000 non-beneficially.

Directors' report continued

Graham Richard CUMMINS

Director

Age: 54

Self Employed Builder/Director

Is a self-employed Company Director and Builder with a Building Diploma and Medium Rise Builder's Licence.

No other current listed Company directorships nor any in the last 3 years.

Member of the Finance & Audit, Premises Committees.

Interests in shares - 1 beneficially and 62,000 non-beneficially.

Gregory Cecil THOMASSON

Director

Age: 56

Real Estate Marketing and Sales

Has recent Real Estate experience and prior mining experience with qualifications in each.

No other current listed Company directorships nor any in the last 3 years.

Member of the Premises Committee.

Interests in shares - 5,001.

Directors were in office for this entire year unless otherwise stated.

No Directors have material interests in contracts or proposed contracts with the Company.

Company secretary

The Company Secretary is Lance Cummins. Heather Clelland was previously in the position until her resignation on 4 February 2009.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company during the course of the financial year were in facilitating **Community Bank**® services under management rights to operate a franchised branch of Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited.

There has been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

Operating results

Operations have continued to perform in line with expectations. The profit/(loss) of the Company for the financial year after provision for income tax was:

	Year ended 30 June 2009 $	Year ended 30 June 2008 $
	15,539	(105,091)

Remuneration report

a) Remuneration of Directors

All Directors of the Company serve on a voluntary basis, therefore no remuneration guidelines have been prepared.

b) Remuneration of Senior Management

The Company aims to provide market competitive compensation by offering a package of fixed pay and benefits.

As such, the Company is guided by Bendigo & Adelaide Bank in determining remuneration payable.

c) Performance conditions

Whilst the Company has in place a policy for pay increments and bonus payments dependent on performance, these elements have not been applied during the reporting period.

d) Payments to senior management

Payments made to Branch Manager Denise Weisse during the reporting period was in the range $80,000 to $85,000 (2008: $65,000 to $70,000).

No other staff members are classified as Senior Management.

Dividends

No dividends were declared or paid for the previous year and the Directors recommend that no dividend be paid for the current year.

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In the opinion of the Directors there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or the financial report.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company, in future years.

Likely developments

The Company will continue its policy of facilitating banking services to the community.

Environmental regulation

The Company is not subject to any significant environmental regulation.

Directors' benefits

No Director has received or become entitled to receive, during or since the financial year, a benefit because of a contract made by the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate with a Director, a firm which a Director is a member or an entity in which a Director has a substantial financial interest except as disclosed in note 18 to the financial statements. This statement excludes a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors shown in the Company's accounts, or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company, controlled entity or related body corporate.

Directors' report continued

Indemnification and insurance of Directors and Officers

The Company has indemnified all Directors and the Manager in respect of liabilities to other persons (other than the Company or related body corporate) that may arise from their position as Directors or Manager of the Company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving the lack of good faith.

Disclosure of the nature of the liability and the amount of the premium is prohibited by the confidentiality clause of the contract of insurance. The Company has not provided any insurance for an Auditor of the Company or a related body corporate.

Directors' meetings

The number of Directors meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the year were:

	Number of meetings eligible to attend	**Number attended**
Robert George HODGSON, Chairman	12	9
Heather CLELLAND (Resigned 2nd February 2009)	-	-
Lance Steven CUMMINS, Secretary/Treasurer	12	11
Graham Richard CUMMINS	12	8
Gregory Cecil THOMASSON	12	8
Ian Peter CHAMBERS	12	6
Pamela Patricia HARRISON	12	10

Directors' report continued

Non audit services

The Company may decide to employ the Auditor on assignments additional to their statutory duties where the Auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important. Details of the amounts paid or payable to the Auditor (Andrew Frewin & Stewart) for audit and non audit services provided during the year are set out in the notes to the accounts.

The Board of Directors has considered the position, in accordance with the advice received from the audit committee and is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for Auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the Auditor, as set out in the notes did not compromise the Auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact on the impartiality and objectivity of the Auditor;
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to Auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1, including reviewing or auditing the Auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Auditors' independence declaration

A copy of the Auditors' independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 10.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at Emu Park, Queensland on 11 September 2009.

Robert George Hodgson, Chairman

Lance Steven Cummins, Treasurer

AFS
partners in success
Chartered Accountants & Business Advisors

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Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the directors of Emu Park & District Financial Services Limited

I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2009 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

David Hutchings
Auditor

Andrew Frewin & Stewart
Bendigo, Victoria

Dated this 11th day of September 2009

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Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Financial statements

Income statement
For year ending 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 $	2008 $
Revenues from ordinary activities	3	468,325	305,884
Salaries and employee benefits expense		(245,581)	(225,863)
Charitable donations, sponsorship, advertising & promotion		(13,229)	(7,591)
Occupancy and associated costs		(35,575)	(46,963)
Systems costs		(23,696)	(22,987)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	4	(22,675)	(26,433)
Finance costs	4	(10,062)	(5,128)
General administration expenses		(93,480)	(76,012)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax expense		**24,027**	**(105,091)**
Income tax expense	5	(8,488)	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period		**15,539**	**(105,091)**
Profit/(Loss) attributable to members of the entity		**15,539**	**(105,091)**
Earnings per share (cents per share)		**c**	**c**
- basic for profit for the year	19	2.30	(15.65)

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Financial statements continued

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 $	2008 $
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash assets	6	32	-
Trade and other receivables	7	52,426	40,856
Total current assets		**52,458**	**40,856**
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	162,474	173,149
Intangible assets	9	15,000	27,000
Deferred tax assets	10	63,418	71,906
Total non-current assets		**240,892**	**272,055**
Total assets		**293,350**	**312,911**
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	11	20,287	14,769
Borrowings	12	59,761	111,993
Provisions	13	20,206	11,661
Total current liabilities		**100,254**	**138,423**
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	13	5,287	2,218
Total non-current liabilities		**5,287**	**2,218**
Total liabilities		**105,541**	**140,641**
Net assets		**187,809**	**172,270**
Equity			
Issued capital	14	638,214	638,214
Accumulated losses	15	(450,405)	(465,944)
Total equity		**187,809**	**172,270**

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows
As at 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 $	2008 $
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers		416,821	338,214
Payments to suppliers and employees		(354,496)	(412,008)
Interest paid		(10,062)	(4,093)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	**16**	**52,263**	**(77,887)**
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(436)
Net cash used in investing activities		**-**	**(436)**
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		52,263	(78,323)
Cash at the beginning of the financial year		(111,993)	(33,670)
Cash at the end of the financial year	**6(a)**	**(59,730)**	**(111,993)**

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity
As at 30 June 2009

	Note	2009 $	2008 $
Total equity at the beginning of the period		172,270	277,361
Net profit/(loss) for the period		15,539	(105,091)
Net income/expense recognised directly in equity		-	-
Total income and expense recognised by the entity for the year		**15,539**	**(105,091)**
Dividends provided for or paid		-	-
Shares issued during period		-	-
Costs of issuing shares		-	-
Total equity at the end of the period		**187,809**	**172,270**

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

For year ending 30 June 2009

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001.

Compliance with IFRS

Australian Accounting Standards include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These financial statements and notes comply with IFRS.

Historical cost convention

The financial report has been prepared under the historical cost conventions on an accruals basis as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and where stated, current valuations of non-current assets. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Revenue

Interest and fee revenue is recognised when earned. All revenue is stated net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised on a net basis and is classified as income rather than revenue.

Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable for the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operation cash flows.

Notes to the financial statements continued

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Income tax

Current tax

Current tax is calculated by reference to the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the taxable profit or tax loss for the period. It is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is accounted for using the comprehensive balance sheet liability method on temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base of those items.

In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available against which deductible temporary differences or unused tax losses and tax offsets can be utilised. However, deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary differences giving rise to them arise from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities (other than as a result of a business combination) which affects neither taxable income nor accounting profit. Furthermore, a deferred tax liability is not recognised in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period(s) when the asset and liability giving rise to them are realised or settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the consolidated entity expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax and when the balances relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company/consolidated entity intends to settle its tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax is recognised as an expense or income in the income statement, except when it relates to items credited or debited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where it arises from initial accounting for a business combination, in which case it is taken into account in the determination of goodwill or excess.

Employee entitlements

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to balance date. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled, plus related on-costs. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits.

Notes to the financial statements continued

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan. Contributions to employee superannuation funds are charged against income as incurred.

Intangibles

The cost of the Company's franchise fee has been recorded at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis at a rate of 20% per annum.

Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments in money market instruments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Comparative figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment, leasehold improvements and equipment under finance lease are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item. In the event that settlement of all or part of the purchase consideration is deferred, cost is determined by discounting the amounts payable in the future to their present value as at the date of acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on property, plant and equipment, including freehold buildings but excluding land. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost of each asset over its expected useful life to its estimated residual value. Leasehold improvements are depreciated at the rate equivalent to the available building allowance using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method is reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period.

The following estimated useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

- leasehold improvements	40 years
- plant and equipment	2.5 - 40 years
- furniture and fittings	4 - 40 years

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

There are no estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Payment terms

Receivables and payables are non interest bearing and generally have payment terms of between 30 and 90 days.

Trade receivables and payables

Receivables are carried at their amounts due. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific provision is made for any doubtful accounts. Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts are carried at cost that is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Borrowings

All loans are initially measured at the principal amount. Interest is recognised as an expense as it accrues.

Financial instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments, incorporating financial assets and financial liabilities, are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs. Financial instruments are classified and measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the entity's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Note 1. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment

At each reporting date, the entity assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership that is transferred to entities in the entity are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term. Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred. Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the economic entity has a legal, equitable or constructive obligation to make a future sacrifice of economic benefits to other entities as a result of past transactions of other past events, it is probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A provision for dividends is not recognised as a liability unless the dividends are declared, determined or publicly recommended on or before the reporting date.

Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Note 2. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a limited variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the entity. The entity does not use derivative instruments.

Risk management is carried out directly by the Board of Directors.

(i) Market risk

The Company has no exposure to any transactions denominated in a currency other than Australian dollars.

(ii) Price risk

The Company is not exposed to equity securities price risk as it does not hold investments for sale or at fair value. The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk.

(iii) Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk. It has policies in place to ensure that customers have an appropriate credit history. The Company's franchise agreement limits the Company's credit exposure to one financial institution, being Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding from credit facilities. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(v) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

Interest-bearing assets are held with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited and subject to movements in market interest. Interest-rate risk could also arise from long-term borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest-rate risk. The Company believes that its sound relationship with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited mitigates this risk significantly.

(vi) Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to sustain future development of the Company. The Board of Directors monitor the return on capital and the level of dividends to shareholders. Capital is represented by total equity as recorded in the Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the franchise agreement, in any 12 month period, the funds distributed to shareholders shall not exceed the Distribution Limit.

(i) the Distribution limit is the greater of:

- (a) 20% of the profit or funds of the Franchisee otherwise available for distribution to shareholders in that 12 month period; and
- (b) subject to the availability of distributable profits, the Relevant Rate of Return multiplied by the average level of share capital of the Franchisee over that 12 month period; and

Notes to the financial statements continued

Note 2. Financial risk management (continued)

(ii) the Relevant Rate of Return is equal to the weighted average interest rate on 90 day bank bills over that 12 month period plus 5%.

The Board is managing the growth of the business in line with this requirement. There are no other externally imposed capital requirements, although the nature of the Company is such that amounts will be paid in the form of charitable donations and sponsorship. Charitable donations and sponsorship paid for the year ended 30 June 2009 can be seen in the Income Statement.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

Note 3. Revenue from ordinary activities

	2009 $	2008 $
Operating activities:		
- services commissions	468,325	305,884
Total revenue from operating activities	**468,325**	**305,884**
Non-operating activities:		
- interest received	-	-
Total revenue from non-operating activities	**-**	**-**
Total revenues from ordinary activities	**468,325**	**305,884**

Note 4. Expenses

Depreciation of non-current assets:		
- plant and equipment	4,383	8,141
- leasehold improvements	6,292	6,292
Amortisation of non-current assets:		
- franchise agreement	12,000	12,000
	22,675	26,433
Finance costs:		
- interest paid	10,062	5,128
Bad debts	**2,388**	**-**

Notes to the financial statements continued

	Note	2009 $	2008 $
Note 5. Income tax expense			
The components of tax expense comprise:			
- Current tax		-	-
- Deferred tax on provisions		(3,065)	(4,583)
- Recoupment of prior year tax losses		11,553	-
- Future income tax benefit attributable to losses		-	(28,125)
- Income tax credit not brought to account		-	32,708
		8,488	**-**
The prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:			
Operating profit/(loss)		24,027	(105,091)
Prima facie tax on profit/(loss) from ordinary activities at 30%		7,208	(31,527)
Add tax effect of:			
- non-deductible expenses		3,600	3,600
- timing difference expenses		2,754	1,812
- other deductible expenses		(2,010)	(2,010)
Current tax		11,553	-
Movement in deferred tax	10.	(3,065)	(4,583)
Income tax credit not brought to account		-	32,708
		8,488	**-**
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised		506,265	506,265
Potential tax benefit at 30%		**151,880**	**151,880**

Notes to the financial statements continued

	2009 $	2008 $

Note 6. Cash assets

Cash at bank and on hand	32	-
The above figures are reconciled to cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cashflows as follows:		
6(a) Reconciliation of cash		
Cash at bank and on hand	32	-
Bank overdraft	(59,761)	(111,993)
	(59,729)	**(111,993)**

Note 7. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables	45,094	27,524
Prepayments	7,332	13,332
	52,426	**40,856**

Note 8. Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment		
At cost	58,201	58,201
Less accumulated depreciation	(28,426)	(24,043)
	29,775	**34,158**
Leasehold improvements		
At cost	156,281	156,281
Less accumulated depreciation	(23,582)	(17,290)
	132,699	**138,991**
Total written down amount	**162,474**	**173,149**

	2009 $	2008 $

Note 8. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Movements in carrying amounts:

	2009 $	2008 $
Plant and equipment		
Carrying amount at beginning	34,158	41,862
Additions	-	437
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(4,383)	(8,141)
Carrying amount at end	29,775	34,158
Leasehold improvements		
Carrying amount at beginning	138,991	145,283
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Less: depreciation expense	(6,292)	(6,292)
Carrying amount at end	**132,699**	**138,991**
Total written down amount	**162,474**	**173,149**

Note 9. Intangible assets

	2009 $	2008 $
Franchise Fee		
At cost	60,000	60,000
Less: accumulated amortisation	(45,000)	(33,000)
	15,000	**27,000**

Note 10. Deferred Tax

	2009 $	2008 $
Deferred Tax Asset		
- Opening Balance	71,906	71,906
Future income tax benefits attributable to losses	-	28,125
Recoupment of prior year tax losses	(11,553)	-
Deferred tax on provisions	3,065	4,583
Income tax credit not brought to account	-	(32,708)
- Closing Balance	**63,418**	**71,906**

Notes to the financial statements continued

	2009 $	2008 $

Note 11. Trade and other payables

	2009 $	2008 $
Trade creditors	16,971	10,984
Other creditors & accruals	3,316	3,785
	20,287	**14,769**

Note 12. Borrowings

Current

	2009 $	2008 $
Bank overdraft	59,730	111,993

The above bank overdraft facility is the Bendigo and Adelaide Bank Limited's Business Solutions Loan Overdraft. The Business Solutions Non-Residential Secured Overdraft Interest Rate is currently 9.64%, varying from time to time.

The formal overdraft limit is $130,000.

Note 13. Provisions

	2009 $	2008 $
Current		
Employee benefits	20,206	11,661
Non-Current		
Employee benefits	5,287	2,218
Number of employees at year end	5	4

Note 14. Contributed equity

	2009 $	2008 $
671,710 Ordinary shares fully paid of $1 each (2008: 671,710)	671,710	671,710
Less: equity raising expenses	(33,496)	(33,496)
	638,214	638,214

Rights attached to shares

(a) Voting Rights

Subject to some limited exceptions, each shareholder has the right to vote at a general meeting.

On a show of hands or a poll, each shareholder attending the meeting (whether they are attending the meeting in person or by attorney, corporate representative or proxy) has one vote, regardless of the number of shares held. However, where a person attends a meeting in person and is entitled to vote in more than one capacity (for example, the person is a shareholder and has also been appointed as proxy for another shareholder) that

Note 14. Contributed equity (continued)

Rights attached to shares (continued)

person may only exercise one vote on a show of hands. On a poll, that person may exercise one vote as a member and one vote for each other shareholder that person represents as duly appointed attorney, corporate representative or proxy.

The purpose of giving each shareholder only one vote, regardless of the number of shares held, is to reflect the nature of the Company as a community based Company, by providing that all shareholders of the community who have contributed to the establishment and ongoing operation of the **Community Bank®** have the same ability to influence the operation of the Company.

(b) Dividends

Generally, dividends are payable to shareholders in proportion to the amount of the share capital paid up on the shares held by them, subject to any special rights and restrictions for the time being attaching to shares. The Franchise Agreement with Bendigo Bank contains a limit on the level of profits or funds that may be distributed to shareholders. There is also a restriction on the payment of dividends to certain shareholders if they have a prohibited shareholding interest (see below).

(c) Transfer

Generally, ordinary shares are freely transferable. However, the Directors have a discretion to refuse to register a transfer of shares.

Subject to the foregoing, shareholders may transfer shares by a proper transfer effected in accordance with the Company's constitution and the Corporations Act.

Prohibited shareholding interest

A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in the Company.

In summary, a person has a prohibited shareholding interest if any of the following applies:

- They control or own 10% or more of the shares in the Company (the "10% limit").

As with voting rights, the purpose of this prohibited shareholding provision is to reflect the community-based nature of the Company.

Where a person has a prohibited shareholding interest, the voting and dividend rights attaching to the shares in which the person (and his or her associates) have a prohibited shareholding interest, are suspended.

The Board has the power to request information from a person who has (or is suspected by the Board of having) a legal or beneficial interest in any shares in the Company or any voting power in the Company, for the purpose of determining whether a person has a prohibited shareholding interest. If the Board becomes aware that a member has a prohibited shareholding interest, it must serve a notice requiring the member (or the member's associate) to dispose of the number of shares the Board considers necessary to remedy the breach. If a person fails to comply with such a notice within a specified period (that must be between three and six months), the Board is authorised to sell the specified shares on behalf of that person. The holder will be entitled to the consideration from the sale of the shares, less any expenses incurred by the Board in selling or otherwise dealing with those shares.

Notes to the financial statements continued

Note 14. Contributed equity (continued)

In the Constitution, shareholders acknowledge and recognise that the exercise of the powers given to the Board may cause considerable disadvantage to individual shareholders, but that such a result may be necessary to enforce the prohibition.

	2009 $	2008 $

Note 15. Accumulated losses

	2009 $	2008 $
Balance at the beginning of the financial year	(465,944)	(360,853)
Net profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	15,539	(105,091)
Dividends paid	-	-
Balance at the end of the financial year	(450,405)	(465,944)

Note 16. Statement of cashflows

Reconciliation of profit/(loss) from ordinary activities after tax to net cash used in operating activities

	2009 $	2008 $
Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities after income tax	15,539	(105,091)
Non cash items:		
- depreciation	10,675	14,433
- amortisation	12,000	12,000
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
- (increase)/decrease in receivables	(11,570)	(8,873)
- decrease in other assets	8,488	-
- increase/(decrease) in payables	5,517	4,734
-increase/(decrease) in provisions	11,614	4,910
Net cashflows provided by/(used in) operating activities	**52,263**	**(77,887)**

Note 17. Auditors' remuneration

Amounts received or due and receivable by the Auditor of the Company for:

	2009 $	2008 $
- audit & review services	4,500	4,000
- non audit services	2,668	660
	7,168	**4,660**

Note 18. Director and related party disclosures

The names of Directors who have held office during the financial year are:

Robert George HODGSON, Chairman

Heather CLELLAND (Resigned 2 February 2009)

Lance Steven CUMMINS, Secretary/Treasurer

Graham Richard CUMMINS

Gregory Cecil THOMASSON

Ian Peter CHAMBERS

Pamela Patricia HARRISON

No Director or related entity has entered into a material contract with the Company. No Directors' fees have been paid as the positions are held on a voluntary basis.

Directors' shareholdings	**2009**	**2008**
Robert George HODGSON, Chairman	27,501	27,501
Heather CLELLAND (Resigned 2nd February 2009)	7,500	7,500
Lance Steven CUMMINS, Secretary/Treasurer	62,001	30,001
Graham Richard CUMMINS	62,001	30,001
Gregory Cecil THOMASSON	5,001	5,001
Ian Peter CHAMBERS	3,000	3,000
Pamela Patricia HARRISON	-	-

Movements in Directors' shareholdings are outlined above.

Note 19. Earnings per share

	2009 $	**2008 $**
(a) Profit/(loss) attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company used in calculating earnings per share	15,539	(105,091)
	2009 Number	**2008 Number**
(b) Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	671,710	671,710

Note 20. Events occurring after the balance sheet date

There have been no events after the end of the financial year that would materially affect the financial statements.

Note 21. Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the date of this report to affect the financial statements.

Note 22. Segment reporting

The economic entity operates in the service sector where it facilitates community banking services pursuant to a franchise agreement with Bendigo & Adelaide Bank Limited. The economic entity operates in one geographic area being Emu Park and district, Queensland.

Note 23. Registered office/Principal place of business

The registered office and principal place of business is:

Registered office	Principal place of business
25 Pattison Street	25 Pattison Street
Emu Park QLD 4710	Emu Park QLD 4710

Notes to the financial statements continued

Note 24. Financial instruments

Net fair values

The net fair values of financial assets and liabilities approximate the carrying values as disclosed in the Balance Sheet. The Company does not have any unrecognised financial instruments at the year end.

Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date to recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as disclosed in the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements.

There are no material credit risk exposures to any single debtor or group of debtors under financial instruments entered into by the economic entity.

Interest rate risk

			Fixed interest rate maturing in									
Financial instrument	Floating interest rate		1 year or less		Over 1 to 5 years		Over 5 years		Non interest bearing		Weighted average effective interest rate	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	$	%	%
Financial assets												
Cash at bank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,426	40,856	N/A	N/A
Financial liabilities												
Interest bearing liabilities	59,760	111,993	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.09	11.02
Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,287	14,769	N/A	N/A

Director’s declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Emu Park & District Financial Services Limited, we state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

(a) the financial statements and notes of the Company are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

  (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company’s financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and

  (ii) complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

(c) the audited remuneration disclosures set out in the remuneration report section of the directors’ report comply with Accounting Standard AASB174 Related Party Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Robert George Hodgson, Chairman

Lance Steven Cummins, Treasurer

Signed on 11th September 2009.

Independent audit report

AFS

partners in success

Chartered Accountants & Business Advisors

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Bendigo VIC 3550

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ABN [illegible]

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Emu Park & District Financial Services Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Emu Park & District Financial Services Limited, which comprise the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Act 2001. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In note 1, the directors also state in accordance with the Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

Our audit did not involve an analysis of the prudence of business decisions made by directors or management.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit we have met the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report. In addition to our audit of the financial report and the remuneration disclosures, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

Auditor's Opinion on the Financial Report

In our opinion:

1) The financial report of Emu Park & District Financial Services Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including

   (a) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended and;
   (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001 and;

2) The financial statements and notes also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2009. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Emu Park & District Financial Services Limited for the year ended 30 June 2009, complies with section 300A if the Corporations Act 2001.

DAVID HUTCHINGS
ANDREW FREWIN & STEWART
61-65 Bull Street, Bendigo, 3550

Dated this 11th day of September 2009

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Bendigo Bank